Equine Massage Basics



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Massage Etiquette

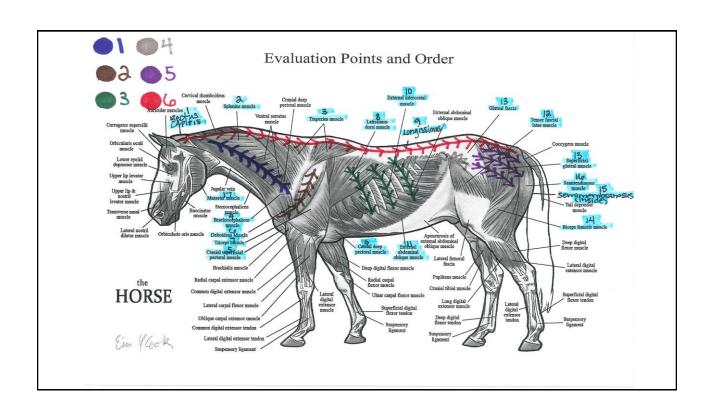
- Do's
 - Understand equine muscles and functions
 - Evaluate health and ensure there are no contraindications
 - Work in a large open space free of obstacles and distractions
 - Have someone hold the horse or use cross-ties if a handler is not available
 - Begin by building a relationship with the horse
 - Pay attention to your horse's behavior throughout the massage
 - Keep records to evaluate progress
 - Maintain correct posture throughout the massage

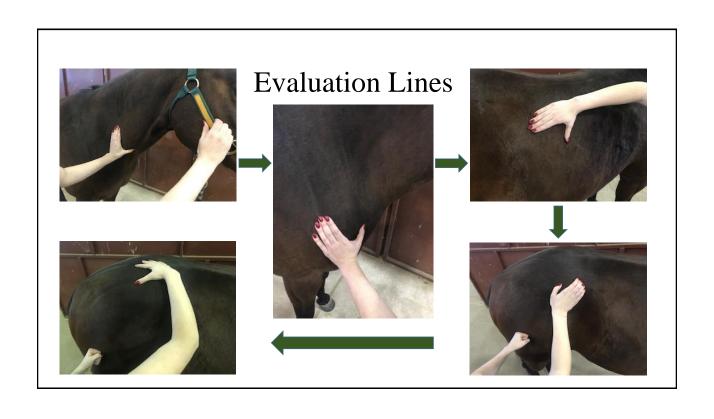


Important Reminders

- Slow strokes first
- Light pressure, medium, then heavy as horse allows
- Read horse's mannerisms
 - Eyes, ears, mouth, tail
- Work from front to back and follow a routine
- Be consistent left to right
- Good rule of thumb: 30 minutes on each side for full massage
 - Need to build up to this
 - Initial massage may only be 30 minutes total







Techniques



Effleurage

• Slide or glide over skin in a smooth continuous motion



Petrissage

Kneading



Compression



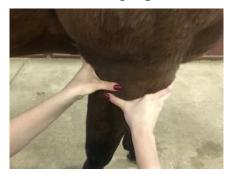


Muscle Squeezing



Petrissage

Picking Up

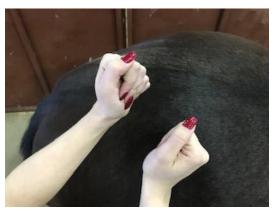


Wringing



Tapotement

• Series of brisk percussive movements following each other in a rapid alternating fashion



Routine



Head/Neck

- Masseter
- Ears
- Effleurage
- Petrissage
 - Kneading
 - Compressions
 - Muscle squeezing
- Mane pull

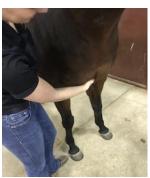




Shoulder, Withers, Pectoral

- Shoulder
 - Effleurage
 - Petrissage
 - Compress over deltoid and triceps
 - · Knead muscles
 - Use front of knuckles over shoulder- only for big muscle groups
- Pectoral- remember pectoral muscles run under and between front legs
 - Effleurage
 - Circles and up using fingertips
 - Muscle squeezing
 - Rub across cinch area on off side
- Withers
 - Rub using thumbs in circles behind withers





Back

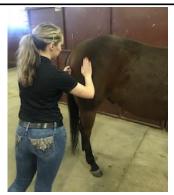
- Effleurage
- Petrissage
 - Kneading
 - Compressions
 - Wringing
- Big circles to small circles with increasing pressure

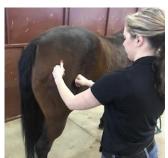




Hindquarters

- Effleurage
- Petrissage
 - Compressions
 - Kneading
 - Muscle squeezing
- Tapotement





Limbs

- Effleurage
- Petrissage
 - Muscle pick up
 - Use thumbs to spread muscle out
 - Muscle squeezing
- Inspect lower limbs for heat or abnormalities



Signs of Release

- Softening of eye
- Relaxing of topline
- Yawning
- Shaking head
- Passing gas
- Urinating



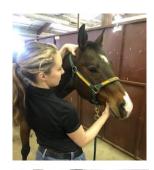


Stretching



Stretches: Head and Neck

- Chin lift
 - One hand over poll; other under chin; lift chin up; thumbs point toward each other





- Neck stretch
 - One hand on halter; other hand ¼ way down neck; then move to ½ way as you ask horse to stretch around your hand

Stretches: Limbs

- Front leg
 - Rotate from shoulder, flex and extend fetlock joint
 - Stretch front leg forward and down asking for extension from shoulder; keep leg low
 - Take front leg in line with the opposite leg
 - Push knee back until radius forms a 90 degree angle with ground





Stretches: Limbs

- Hind leg
 - Stretch leg forward and down asking for extension from hip



Stretches: Back

- Back lift: face the horse's head. Near hand by chest; other hand on off side behind point of hip
- Back lift: use fingers approximately 1/3 way back





Stretches: Tail

- If tail feels "loose" do not complete tail stretch
- Apply gentle pressure in a pulling motion, horse should pull against you, hold constant pressure

